



MONTHLY NEWSLETTER

NOVEMBER 2022

# INDIA: BETTER PLACED THAN PEERS







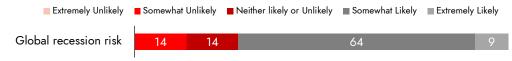
### India - Better placed than peers

"India deserves to be called a bright spot on this otherwise dark horizon because it has been a fast-growing economy, even during these difficult times, but most importantly; this growth is underpinned by structural reforms"

- Kristalina Georgieva, IMF MD (Oct 14, 2022)

As nations around the world grapple with high inflation, the fulcrum of central banks has moved towards taming inflation, even if it's at the cost of growth. Expectations for growth have been trimmed in all regions and almost three quarters of respondents (surveys organized by the WEF's Centre for the New Economy and Society) now consider a global recession to be at least somewhat likely (**Refer to Exhibit: 1**). However, recession is unlikely to hit India due to its 'not so coupled' nature with global economy.

#### Exhibit 1: Global recession outlook - Likelihood of recession in 2023?

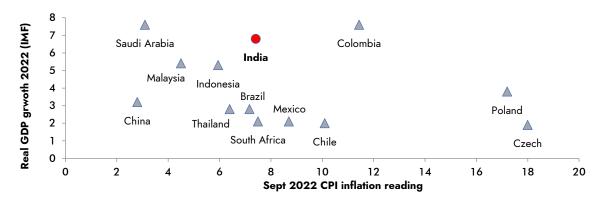


Source: Chief Economists Survey, August 2022; Ambit Asset Management. Note: The number in the graphs may not add up to 100% because figures have been rounded up/down

Tightening fiscal and monetary policies can, however, address inflation only from the demand side. Simultaneously, from the supply side, trade disruptions, export bans and the resulting surge in global commodity prices will continue to stoke inflation as long as Russia-Ukraine conflict persists and global supply chains remain un-repaired. **The world is looking at a distinct possibility of widespread stagflation.** For now, there has been an exception: **India**, where the risk is lower for India than other countries.

Compared to other nations, even among the advanced economies, India is relatively better prepared to handle external shocks that could be created by the tightening of the monetary policy stance. In its policy meeting in Aug, The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) kept the growth forecast at 7% for FY23 despite disruptions due to geo-political tensions. **(Refer to Exhibit:** 2)





Source: Sept. 2022 CPI - Monthly Economic Review; World Economic Outlook, Oct 2022; Ambit Asset Management

In this newsletter we look at what explains this sudden optimism for an economy that was seeing a major slowdown in growth even before the Covid-19 pandemic hit and why the "sweet/bright spot" terminology has been embraced by many.





#### Macro-economy looks stronger

Notwithstanding the pandemic's severe shock, India's macro economy looks stronger as compared to those of other emerging markets and during that of Quantitative Easing of 2013. (1) India's low external debt, which has insulated it from extreme external volatility. (2) India's foreign exchange reserve could cover imports for 8.4 months. (Refer to Exhibit: 3,4)

# Exhibit 3: External debt to GDP came down to 19.3 % in March 22 from 21.2% during March 2021

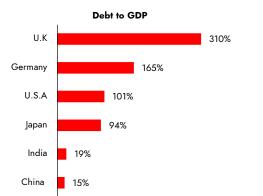


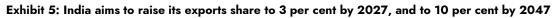
Exhibit 4: India's reserve cover of ~8.4 months of imports is much higher than ~6.5months during the taper tantrum in 2013

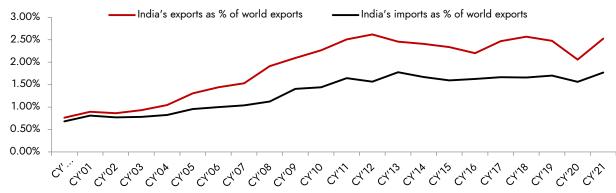
Rank	Country	Forex Reserves (US\$ bn)	Import cover (in mnths)
1	China	3,194	13
2	Japan	1,238	16.3
6	India*	528	8.4
12	Germany	281	0.3^
14	United States	229	0.1
19	United Kingdom	178	2.7

Source: Department of Economic Affairs; Ambit Asset Management

Note: \*October and the rest is Sept; ^August 22;Source: Ambit Asset Management, World Bank

Majorly, India is an inward-looking economy in terms of demand because a significant component of the GDP is essentially addressed to the domestic economy. So, from that point of view, global recession will have an impact but it won't be as pronounced as perhaps (it will be on) other economies which are more coupled with the globe. **(Refer to Exhibit: 5)** 





Source: Ambit Asset Management

Most global banks and agencies have downgraded their growth outlook for India to below 7%. 'A weaker-than-expected outturn in the period of April to June, and more subdued external demand' have prompted a reduction in India's FY23 GDP estimate. As per the IMF, the world as a whole will slow down from 6.0% in 2021 to 3.2% in 2022 and 2.7% in 2023. Despite the cut in estimates, excluding Saudi Arabia, as per the IMF, India is the only economy that is likely to witness a GDP growth rate of over 6% (higher than major advanced and emerging market economies). **(Refer to Exhibit: 6, 7).** 





Exhibit 6: Most global banks and agencies have downgraded their growth outlook for India to < 7 %

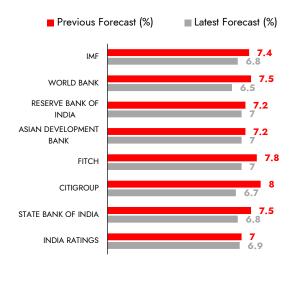


Exhibit 7: IMF cuts India's FY 2022-23 growth forecast to 6.8%

Countries / Regions	CY 22 (revised est.)	CY 22 (previous est.)	Change in est.	СҮ 23
World	3.2	3.2	0%	2.7
Advanced Economies	2.4	2.5	-4%	1.1
USA	1.6	2.3	-30%	1
Euro Area	3.1	2.6	19%	0.5
Japan	1.7	1.7	0%	1.6
Emerging Markets	3.7	3.6	3%	3.7
China	3.2	3.3	-3%	4.4
India	6.8	7.4	-8%	6.1
Russia	-3.4	-6	-43%	- 2.3
Brazil	2.8	1.7	65%	1
Mexico	2.1	2.4	-13%	1.2
South Africa	2.1	2.1	0%	1.1

Source: Ambit Asset Management, News articles.

Source: Ambit Asset Management, IMF World Economic Outlook, Oct 2022

### Consumption – keeping Indian brands bullish

Domestic consumption – traditionally one of the main drivers of India's economic growth – is making a strong comeback; Pent up domestic demand and significant deleveraging across sectors has aided recovery to a large extent. Simply put, when consumers spend more, businesses have more capital to invest.

According to a confidence survey conducted for Indian corporates, >60% were very optimistic about the demand outlook while ~35% have responded with a stable demand outlook for the next year. High frequency economic indicators for India corroborate this with higher e-commerce, auto sales, and discretionary consumption along with demand traction visible in the bank credit growth.

- E-commerce companies such as Wal-Mart owned Flipkart and Amazon have sold \$4.1 billion (Rs 29,000 crore) worth of goods during the October 15-21 period, up from \$2.7 billion year ago
- Retail businesses across India reported a 21% jump in sales in September 2022 compared to September 2019 or pre-pandemic levels according to the Retailers Association of India.
- India's vehicle retail sales rose 57% during the Navratri festival this year, recording sales of nearly 5.4 lakh units. (Refer to Exhibit: 8).

Exhibit 8: Navratri sales show that customers are back in showrooms after a gap of three years

Category	Navratri '22	Navratri '21	Navratri '20	YoY% (2021)	YoY% (2020)	Navratri'19	YoY% (2019)
2w	369,020	242,213	307,903	52%	20%	355,851	4%
3w	19,809	9,203	5,952	115%	233%	15,082	31%
CV	22,437	15,135	11,142	48%	101%	16,365	37%
PV	110,521	64,850	86,380	70%	28%	69,657	59%
Tractor	17,440	11,062	14,387	58%	21%	9,177	90%
Total	539,227	342,459	425,761	57%	27%	466,128	16%

Source: FADA; Ambit Asset Management





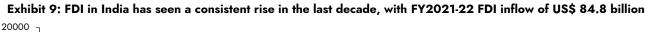
Global CEO's of more than half a dozen large consumer-facing companies such as Apple, Coca-Cola, Visa, Whirlpool, Skechers and Levi Strauss have highlighted in their recent earning calls that their companies' India business has grown at double digit pace in the September quarter and that they will continue to invest strongly.

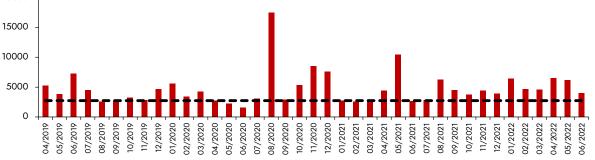
However, rural demand has taken a knock since the pandemic and has not participated in the recovery till now. This year's Diwali was the country's first season of celebration since the pandemic began, with no virus-related restrictions and with the rural market seeing good rain, consumption could bounce back in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the year. This would lead to recovery in the ailing rural sector as well.

### Import substitution and realignment of supply chain

China's continued adherence to the zero-Covid strategy has prompted global capital to look elsewhere for investment opportunities (in addition to the efforts to diversify from China). With India appearing to weather the current "poly-crisis" better than many of its neighbours and peers, it is seen as an emerging manufacturing hub in global value chains.

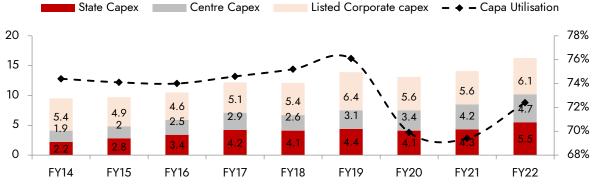
71% of MNCs consider India as an important destination for their global expansion according to a report released by EY-CII. The report underscores that India has optimistic growth prospects for foreign investments with a potential to attract FDI flows of US\$ 475 billion in just the next 5 years.





Source: Ambit Asset Management; Bloomberg.





Source: Ambit Asset Management; Note: Capacity utilization is taken for Q3FY22

All this has resulted in India gaining market share in electronics, chemicals, apparel, auto components. Thus, even though the global supply chain is under stress, the market share gains are helping India offset some of the impact in the near term. India's export – from pre covid \$27.65 billion (Feb 2020) has gone up to \$61 billion (September 2022).





Exhibit 11: In Sept, 22, India mobile phone exports crossed \$1bn (all time high) primarily due to Government's PLI scheme

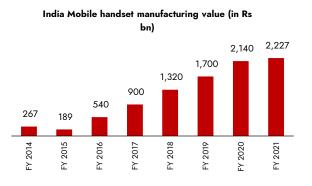


Exhibit 12: Export value of mobile phones in India is likely to rise. The PLI scheme has the potential to add ~US\$ 520 billion in the next five years.

Mobile trade	Top world importers (% share)				
dynamics	USA	Hong Kong	Japan	Germany	UAE
China	79%	86%	89%	67%	63%
Vietnam	16%	1%	6%	11%	21%
India	0%	0%	1%	3%	9%
Total global					
exports	20%	15%	6%	4%	5%

Source: Ambit Asset Management, Statista, CRISIL

Source: Ambit Asset Management, CRISIL

Companies are rethinking their strategy of putting "all eggs in one basket". India is generally considered an attractive destination because of its market size and also India being a possible hub for exports in the region. That's the reason a lot of interest is being shown by companies towards India.

- Foxconn is entering into a \$19.5 billion joint venture with Vedanta Group to make semiconductors in the western state of Gujarat.
- TATA is in talks to become a contract manufacturer for Apple in the country
- Amazon has been making Fire TV devices in Chennai, India. Several years ago, all of these products were made in China.
- Samsung will move part of its smartphone production to India from Vietnam and other countries. The South Korean company is planning to produce devices worth over \$40 billion or Rs 3 lakh crore in the country.
- Boston-based start-up Thrasio, a global leader in acquiring and scaling up third-party sellers on online marketplaces such as Amazon, will shift a significant chunk of its manufacturing.
- Apparel orders from neighbouring countries are shifting to India as it has proved to be the most stable country in the sub-continent region

### Conclusion

India entered this decade and this conflict (Russia-Ukraine) with a fairly comfortable degree of macro-economic and policy stability. Recovery from both the first and second waves was faster than expected pointing towards the inherent strengths of the economy. Moreover, it has enough foreign exchange reserves to ride out the current volatility while ensuring interest rates are aligned to the domestic policy cycle. This gives India a lot of cushion to withstand the pressures it faced during taper tantrum of 2012-13. In the coming winter months, geopolitical tensions could climb amid a heightened international focus on energy security and that could test "India's astute handling of its energy needs so far." The current market volatility reinforces our confidence within our investible companies across the portfolio which has attributes of Consistency, Resilience & Margin of Safety.







### As swift as stable

Long term stability or agility in service?

What would you rather choose, when it comes to investing your hard-earned money?

With Ambit Asset Management, you won't have to.

While it uses its deep-dive research and disciplined approach to lend stability to your portfolio, its strong digital outreach ensures an agile and transparent service. The result?

Consistent growth with an always-available service.



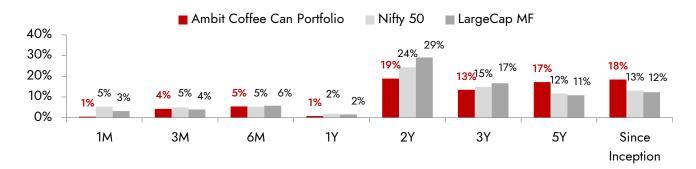




#### Ambit Coffee Can Portfolio

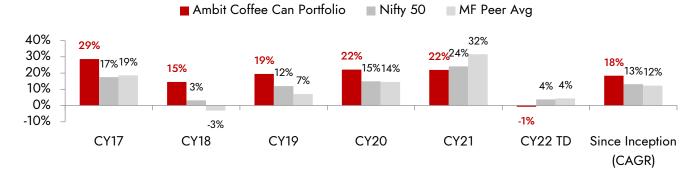
At Coffee Can Portfolio, we do not attempt to time commodity/investment cycles or political outcomes and prefer resilient franchises in the retail and consumption-oriented sectors. The Coffee Can philosophy has unwavering commitment to companies that have consistently sustained their competitive advantages in core businesses despite being faced by disruptions at regular intervals. As the industry evolves or is faced by disruptions, these competitive advantages enable such companies to grow their market shares and deliver long-term earnings growth.

#### Exhibit 13: Ambit's Coffee Can Portfolio point-to-point performance



Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is March 6, 2017; Returns as of 31<sup>st</sup> Oct, 2022; All returns are post fees and expenses; Returns above 1-year are annualized; Note: Returns prior to Apr'19 are returns of all the Pool accounts excluding non-aligned portfolio, and returns post Apr'19 is based on TWRR returns of all the pool accounts.





Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is March 6, 2017; Returns as of 31<sup>st</sup> Oct, 2022; All returns are post fees and expenses. Note: Returns prior to Apr'19 are returns of all the Pool accounts excluding non-aligned portfolio, and returns post Apr'19 is based on TWRR returns of all the pool accounts.

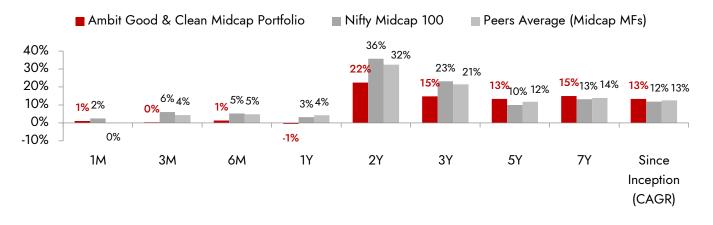




### Ambit Good & Clean Midcap Portfolio

Ambit's Good & Clean strategy provides long-only equity exposure to Indian businesses that have an impeccable track record of clean accounting, good governance, and efficient capital allocation. Ambit's proprietary 'forensic accounting' framework helps weed out firms with poor quality accounts, while our proprietary 'greatness' framework helps identify efficient capital allocators with a holistic approach for consistent growth. Our focus has been to deliver superior risk-adjusted returns with as much focus on lower portfolio drawdown as on return generation. Some salient features of the Good & Clean strategy are as follows:

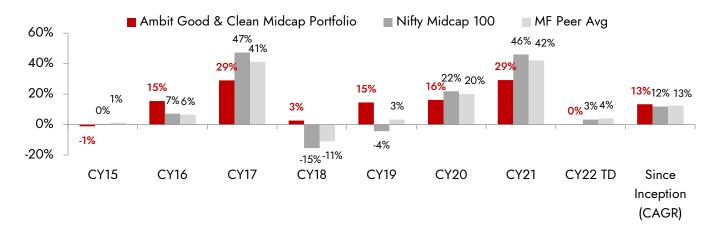
- **Process-oriented approach to investing:** Typically starting at the largest 500 Indian companies, Ambit's proprietary frameworks for assessing accounting quality and efficacy of capital allocation help narrow down the investible universe to a much smaller subset. This shorter universe is then evaluated on bottom-up fundamentals to create a concentrated portfolio of no more than 20 companies at any time.
- Long-term horizon and low churn: Our holding horizons for investee companies are 3-5 years and even longer with annual churn not exceeding 15-20% in a year. The long-term orientation essentially means investing in companies that have the potential to sustainably compound earnings, with this compounding earnings acting as the primary driver of investment returns over long periods.
- Low drawdowns: The focus on clean accounting and governance, prudent capital allocation, and structural earnings compounding allow participation in long-term return generation while also ensuring low drawdowns in periods of equity market declines.



#### Exhibit 15: Ambit's Good & Clean Midcap Portfolio point-to-point performance

Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is March 12, 2015; Returns as of 31<sup>st</sup> Oct, 2022; All returns above 1 year are annualized. Returns are net of all fees and expenses





Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is March 12, 2015; Returns as of 31st Oct, 2022. Returns are net of all fees and expenses

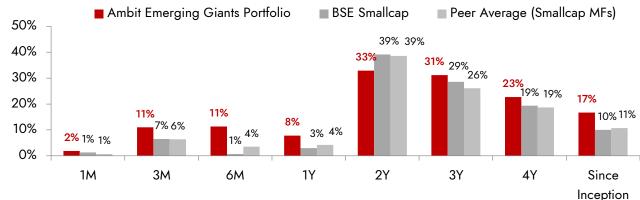






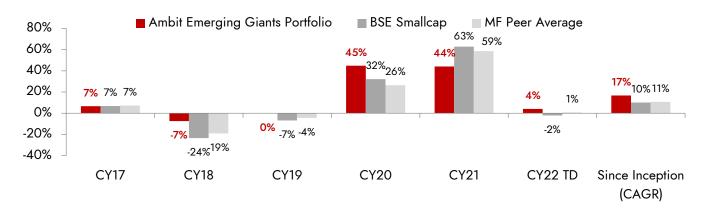
#### **Ambit Emerging Giants Portfolio**

**Small caps with secular growth, superior return ratios and no leverage** – Ambit's Emerging Giants portfolio aims to invest in small-cap companies with market-dominating franchises and a track record of clean accounting, governance and capital allocation. The fund typically invests in companies with market caps less than Rs4,000cr. These companies have excellent financial track records, superior underlying fundamentals (high RoCE, low debt) and ability to deliver healthy earnings growth over long periods of time. However, given their smaller sizes, these companies are not well discovered, owing to lower institutional holdings and lower analyst coverage. Rigorous framework-based screening coupled with extensive bottom-up due diligence lead us to a concentrated portfolio of 15-16 emerging giants.



#### Exhibit 17: Ambit Emerging Giants Portfolio point-to-point performance

Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is December 1, 2017; Returns as of 31<sup>st</sup> Oct, 2022; All returns above 1 year are annualized. Returns are net of all fees and expenses



#### Exhibit 18: Ambit Emerging Giants Portfolio calendar year performance

Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is December 1, 2017; Returns as of 31st Oct, 2022. Returns are net of all fees and expenses





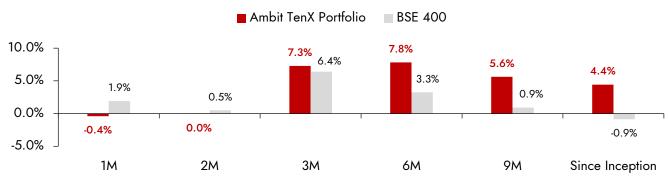


### Ambit TenX Portfolio

Ambit TenX Portfolio gives investors an opportunity to participate in the India growth story as the Indian GDP heads towards a US\$10tn mark over the next 12-15 years. Mid and Small corporates are expected to be the key beneficiaries of this growth. The portfolio intends to capitalize on this opportunity by identifying and investing in primarily mid & small cap companies that can grow their earnings 10x over the same period implying 18-21% CAGR. Key features of this portfolio would be as follow:

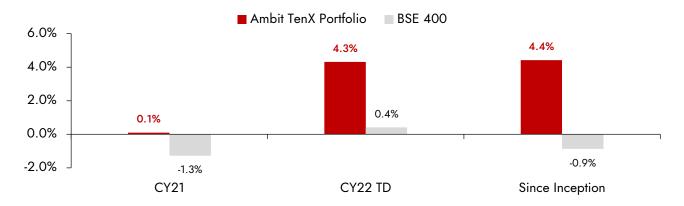
- Longer-term approach with a concentrated portfolio: Ideal investment duration of >5 years with 15-20 stocks.
- Key driving factors: Low penetration, strong leadership, light balance sheet
- **Forward-looking approach:** Relying less on historical performance and more on future potential while not deviating away from the Good & Clean philosophy.
- No Key-man risk: Process is the Fund Manager





Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is December 13, 2021; Returns as of 31st Oct, 2022; Returns are net of all fees and expenses





Source: Ambit; Portfolio inception date is December 13, 2021; Returns as of 31<sup>st</sup> Oct, 2022. Returns are net of all fees and expenses





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The performance data for coffee can product between 6th march 2017 - 19th June 2017 represents model portfolio returns. First client was onboarded on 20th June 2017. The performance data for G&C product between 1st June 2016 to 1st April 2018 also includes returns for funds managed for an advisory offshore client. Returns are calculated using TWRR method as prescribed under revised SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 2020